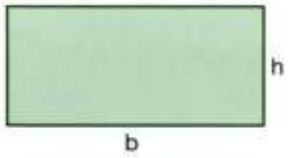
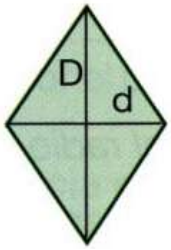
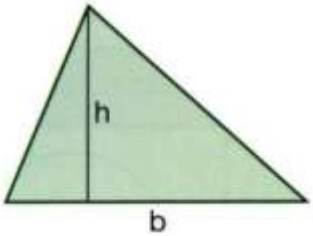
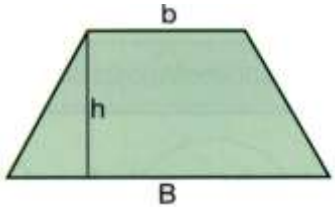
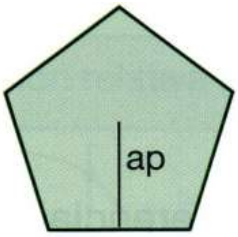
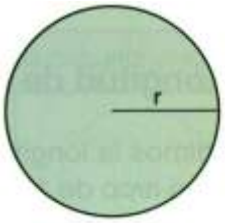
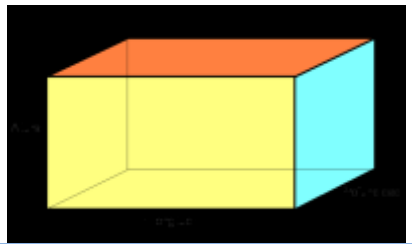
CUADRADO 	$P = 4 \cdot lado$
	$A = lado \cdot lado = lado^2$
RECTÁNGULO 	$P = 2 \cdot (b + h)$
	$A = b \cdot h$
ROMBO 	$P = 4 \cdot lado$
	$A = \frac{D \cdot d}{2}$
TRIÁNGULO 	$P = l_1 + l_2 + l_3$
	$A = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$
TRAPECIO 	$P = B + b + l_1 + l_2$
	$A = \frac{(B + b) \cdot h}{2}$
POLÍGONO REGULAR 	$P = l \cdot (nº\ de\ lados)$
	$A = \frac{Perímetro \cdot apotema}{2}$
CIRCUNFERENCIA 	$L = 2\pi r$
	$A = \pi r^2$

ORTOEDRO

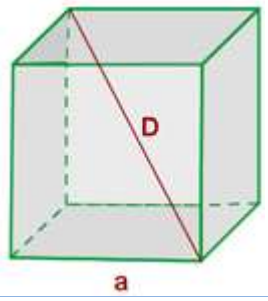


$$A_{lat} = 2 \cdot A_{rectángulos\ grandes} + 2 \cdot A_{rect.pequeño}$$

$$A_{total} = A_{lat} + A_{bases}$$

$$V = altura \cdot longitud \cdot profundidad$$

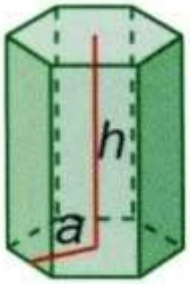
HEXAEDRO CUBO



$$A_{TOTAL} = 6 \cdot a^2$$

$$V = a^3$$

PRISMA



$$A_{lat} = Perímetro_{base} \cdot h$$

$$A_T = A_L + 2 \cdot A_{base}$$

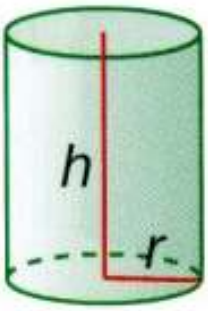
$$V = A_{base} \cdot altura$$

$$A_{lat} = \frac{Perímetro\ de\ la\ base \cdot Apotema\ lateral}{2}$$

$$A_{total} = A_{lat} + A_{base}$$

$$V = \frac{A_{base} \cdot h}{3}$$

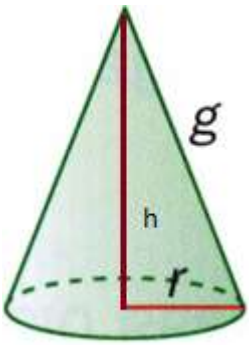
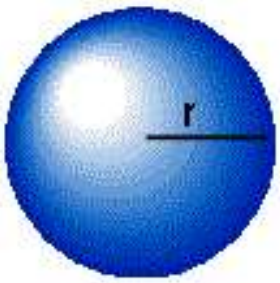
CILINDRO



$$A_{lat} = Perímetro_{base} \cdot altura = 2\pi r \cdot h$$

$$A_{total} = Area_{lateral} + 2 \cdot Area_{base} =$$

$$A_{total} = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2 = 2\pi r(h + r)$$

	$V = A_{base} \cdot h = \pi r^2 \cdot h$
CONO 	$A_{LAT} = \pi \cdot r \cdot g$ $A_{total} = A_{lat} + A_{base} =$ $A_{total} = \pi r g + \pi r^2 = \pi r(g + r)$
	$V = \frac{A_{base} \cdot h}{3} = \frac{\pi r^2 \cdot h}{3}$
ESFERA 	$A = 4\pi r^2$
	$V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$